







Continental Study on the Benefits of the Single Africa Air Transport Market (SAATM)

Fact Sheet for Democratic Republic of Congo



Key Facts and Figures

NUMBER OF

Yes NATIONAL CARRIER

89.6

POPULATION 2020

INTRA-AFRICA **PASSENGERS 2019**

00000 **28** (out of 54) **RANK IN NUMBER** OF INTRA-AFRICA PASSENGERS 2019

Low income

\$530 GNI PER CAPITA

51.45 (Target is > 60) **EFFECTIVE**

IMPLEMENTATION OF ICAO STANDARDS AND RECOMMENDED **PRACTICES**

TRAVEL & TOURISM CONTRIBUTION TO GDP²

BASA³ Analysis Summary

BASA compliance with YD Articles 2,3,4,5,6



Democratic Republic of Congo = LOW Compliance



21% of the 19 BASAs reviewed are compliant

- Total BASAs = 19/54
- BASAs with SAATM Signatories = 15
- BASAs with YD Signatories = 19



"The unity of Africa reflects the most noble of aims."

Fulbert Youlou, former President of Congo (Brazzaville)



1 The African Development Bank Africa Visa Openness Index. 2 World Travel & Tourism Council (WTTC) Research.

3 Bilateral Air Service Agreements.

SAATM Enablers Index



45 (out of 54)

VISA OPENNESS RANKING¹

Recommendations to Improve YD Implementation

- Ensure all existing (and future) BASAs comply fully with the provisions of the YD (especially Articles 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6)
- Fully implement the SAATM concrete measures
- · Engage with ICAO to improve safety oversight capability
- · Support domestic airlines to attain and/or maintain IOSA registration
- · Improve airport infrastructure
- · Improve current level of low visa openness amongst African States



Recommendations from SAATM Traffic Light

Need improvements to optimize SAATM Implementation.

The Impact of Achieving SAATM

The impact of successfully implementing SAATM across all 55 African Union nations was examined using a gravity model which projected the potential air traffic between African nations based on specific economic and market factors and allowing for full YD liberalization of all intra-African air markets.

For **Democratic Republic of Congo**, the increase in intra-Africa passenger traffic, total fare savings to passengers and consumer surplus (a measure of welfare benefit) is summarised below. The level of increase is a reflection of current traffic and economic conditions and the degree of liberalization already undertaken.

Summary of traffic impacts for the specified country:



274

PASSENGER INCREASE (THOUSANDS)



82%
INCREASE



39.8

FARE SAVINGS

66.9

CONSUMER SURPLUS
(US\$ MILLION)

Wider economic benefits of SAATM for the individual country:

The impacts of liberalization extend beyond the benefits to passengers. The increased air service levels will generate employment in the aviation industry to service the additional passengers and aircraft. Liberalization is also expected to stimulate tourism between the countries. Perhaps most significantly, the increase

air service can facilitate many other sectors of the economy by supporting increased trade, attracting new businesses to the region, encouraging investment and enhancing productivity. The estimated economic benefits to **Democratic Republic of Congo** are summarised below.

Wider economic benefits - increased employment and economic activity

1,730
EMPLOYMENT IN THE AVIATION SECTOR AND SPIN-OFF INDUSTRIES

19,740
INCREASE IN EMPLOYMENT
THROUGH CATALYTIC IMPACTS

65,600
INCREASE IN TOURISM VISITS

6.0
INCREASE IN
TOURISM SPEND
(US\$ MILLION)

2,410
INCREASE
IN TOURISM
EMPLOYMENT

72.5
INCREASE IN GDP
(US\$ MILLION)

0.14%
% INCREASE IN GDP

23,880 total employment



For more information look for the SAATM website at the African Union

