







Continental Study on the Benefits of the Single Africa Air Transport Market (SAATM) Fact Sheet for Mozambique



Key Facts and Figures

NUMBER OF IOSA AIRLINES

Yes
NATIONAL CARRIER
(LAM - LINHAS AÉREAS
DE MOÇAMBIQUE)

30.4 POPULATION 2020 418
NUMBER OF

NUMBER OF OF OT OTHER PASSENGERS 2019 (000'S)

Low Income

\$490 GNI PER CAPITA

25 (out of 54)
RANK IN NUMBER
OF INTRA-AFRICA
PASSENGERS 2019

13 (out of 54)
VISA OPENNESS RANKING

66.07

(Target is > 60)

EFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION OF ICAO STANDARDS AND RECOMMENDED PRACTICES

6.50%
TRAVEL & TOURISM CONTRIBUTION TO GDP2

BASA³ Analysis Summary

BASA compliance with YD Articles 2,3,4,5,6



Mozambique = HIGH Compliance

75%

75% of the 20 BASAs reviewed are compliant

- Total BASAs = 20/54
- BASAs with SAATM Signatories = 14
- BASAs with YD Signatories = 19



"It always seems impossible until it's done."

Nelson Mandela, Former President of South Africa



1 The African Development Bank Africa Visa Openness Index. 2 World Travel & Tourism Council (WTTC) Research.

3 Bilateral Air Service Agreements.

SAATM Enablers Index



Recommendations to Improve YD Implementation

- Ensure all existing (and future) BASAs comply fully with the provisions of the YD (especially Articles 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6)
- Maintain current level of good safety oversight capability
- Support domestic airlines to attain and/or maintain IOSA registration
- · Improve airport infrastructure
- Maintain current level of excellent visa openness amongst African States



Recommendations from SAATM Traffic Light

Favourable environment for successful SAATM Implementation exists.

The Impact of Achieving SAATM

The impact of successfully implementing SAATM across all 55 African Union nations was examined using a gravity model which projected the potential air traffic between African nations based on specific economic and market factors and allowing for full YD liberalization of all intra-African air markets.

For **Mozambique**, the increase in intra-Africa passenger traffic, total fare savings to passengers and consumer surplus (a measure of welfare benefit) is summarised below. The level of increase is a reflection of current traffic and economic conditions and the degree of liberalization already undertaken.

Summary of traffic impacts for the specified country:



PASSENGER





FARE SAVINGS (US\$ MILLION)

Wider economic benefits of SAATM for the individual country:

The impacts of liberalization extend beyond the benefits to passengers. The increased air service levels will generate employment in the aviation industry to service the additional passengers and aircraft. Liberalization is also expected to stimulate tourism between the countries. Perhaps most significantly, the increase

air service can facilitate many other sectors of the economy by supporting increased trade, attracting new businesses to the region, encouraging investment and enhancing productivity. The estimated economic benefits to Mozambique are summarised below.

Wider economic benefits - increased employment and economic activity

EMPLOYMENT IN THE AVIATION SECTOR AND SPIN-OFF INDUSTRIES

INCREASE IN EMPLOYMENT THROUGH CATALYTIC IMPACTS

INCREÁSE IN TOURISM VISITS

INCREASE IN TOURISM SPEND (US\$ MILLION)

IN TOURISM **EMPLOYMENT**

INCREASE IN GDP (US\$ MILLION)

% INCREASE

6,540 total employment



For more information look for the SAATM website at the African Union

